

**JCI ELECTROSTATIC  
INSTRUMENTATION –**  
The Measure of Static





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# Process Safety Instruments and Electrostatic Instrumentation

As process industries strive to meet and even exceed safety standards, companies need solutions that help them achieve their goals. Portable, hand-held and laboratory instruments provide a degree of self-sufficiency by allowing companies to collect some types of relevant safety data on their own.

Over our 30 years in the industrial safety business we have built an impeccable reputation in process safety and electrostatic testing, backed by global laboratories and well proven equipment. We bring this experience and expertise to the design and manufacture of superior instruments that complement our consulting and training services and empower our clients. Moreover, many of our electrostatic range of instruments are used for research and development of new and existing manufactured products and also for quality benchmarking.

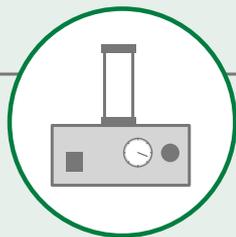
The process safety and electrostatic instruments that we provide to customers are the same ones we use in our own laboratories, thus ensuring full functionality and reliability. We also appreciate that sometimes standard spec equipment isn't enough. Whether you need an alteration on a piece of equipment we already manufacture, or something completely customised, our experienced engineers are always happy to find a solution that meets your needs.

## Process Safety Instruments

We know you rely on the very best instrumentation from BAM Fallhammers to Carius tubes, MIE apparatus to resistivity equipment, all backed by our practical, technical support and the highest standards of quality, dependability and accuracy. We are always available to discuss your requirements and ensure your needs are not only exceeded but are fully supported for the long run.

## JCI Electrostatic Instrumentation

As market leaders in the development and manufacture of quality, state-of-the-art electrostatic instruments and accessories calibrated to national standards, we consult, manufacture and train widely in the fields of electrostatic measurement and process safety globally. Our expert electrostatic technicians develop and build a wide range of instruments, and with expert advice from our consultant engineers, we provide a single source for tailored solutions in the field of electrostatics.



### Instruments

- Portable and laboratory design
- Customisable
- Manufactured in the UK
- Developed and calibrated for British, EU and global standards



### Services

- Maintenance
- Fault-finding
- Consulting services
- Training services



Our expert electrostatic technicians develop and build a wide range of instruments

## The Experts in Laboratory Instrumentation

DEKRA JCI Electrostatic Instrumentation are market leaders in the development and manufacture of quality, state-of-the-art electrostatic instruments and accessories calibrated to national standards. As part of DEKRA, one of the world's largest safety organisations, we consult, test, manufacture and train widely in the fields of electrostatic measurement and process safety globally.

Our GLP compliant Electrostatic testing and Industrial Explosion Hazards laboratories undertake material property determinations which, in conjunction with expert advice from our Consultant Engineers, provides a single source for tailored solutions in the field of electrostatics.

### We provide:

- > A comprehensive range of quality hand-held, portable and laboratory instruments
- > UK based manufacture, service and instrument calibration
- > Comprehensive after sales support from UK based technicians.
- > In-company GLP-compliant testing and expert process safety consultancy
- > On-site, open-access and bespoke process safety training, from our consultancy team.
- > Routine maintenance and fault finding.

### We serve clients in numerous sectors, including:

- > Aerospace
- > Pharmaceutical
- > Meteorological
- > Manufacturing
- > Automotive
- > Universities/Research Institutes
- > Quality Assurance
- > Defence
- > Textiles
- > Coatings
- > Films
- > Chemicals

## Static: Why worry?

Why should you worry about static? It is perhaps easier to classify the importance of static under three headings: hazards, problems and applications. Understanding what this means for you and your business can help to influence the tools you need to measure static reliably, and how you can potentially solve your issues.

### Typical Hazards

The most common and important hazard due to unwanted static electricity in industrial situations, is that arising from the possible ignition of **flammable materials** by electrostatic discharges. Under European and national legislation, such hazards must be addressed at the design stage (alongside other possible ignition sources). The effectiveness of any preventive, and/or protective measures, must be verified at the time of commissioning and then periodically reviewed throughout the life of the process and/or plant. To give an idea of the types of situations where electrostatic hazards can arise, a few examples are given below though clearly, of necessity, this can only touch the surface.

An operator was manually adding water to toluene already in a vessel, using a hose through an open manway.

The exceptionally high charge generated by stirring a dispersion of water in toluene resulted in a discharge across the liquid surface, and ignition of the toluene vapour in the head space.

Addition of powder from a plastic sack through the manway in vessels containing flammable solvents, has been the source of many ignition incidents and continues to be a common hazard. Pouring

the powder from the sack leads to charging of the plastic, resulting in a brush discharge to the vessel – just where flammable solvent vapour is emerging from the open manway.

Without formal checks, sections of metal pipework can be isolated by the insertion of flexible hose sections or some types of section-to-section 22 seals. This is a common hazard that also applies to metal nozzles and lances on the end of flexible hoses. The isolated conducting pipe can become charged, leading to a spark discharge to an adjacent section or to other items of plant. Such discharges could well be incendive to any flammable atmosphere that might be present.

An operator put his hand into a lined container collecting tablets from a tablet compressor. He received such a powerful shock that he was unable to use his arm for much of the rest of the day. The tablets were charged, and collecting them in the container meant charge transferred to the inside of what turned out to be an insulating liner. With the earthed conducting container, this was exactly the configuration for a propagating brush discharge - the most powerful type of electrostatic discharge commonly encountered - and known to be capable of direct injury to personnel.



## Typical Problems

There are so many problems arising from unwanted static electricity that it would be quite impossible to list them all. However, certain types of problem arise repeatedly in many different guises.

### 1. Electrostatic Discharge

Electrostatic discharges can result in annoying shocks to personnel, damage to sensitive electronic components, and spurious alarms, to name but a few.

### 2. Sticking

Many materials stick where they are not wanted as a result of static electricity. Powders stick in areas where seals are to be made, preventing effective sealing. Dust sticks to intermediate and finished products affecting quality and appearance. Small items, such as tablets and capsules, sometimes lift from conveyors and/or stick to machinery, disrupting production. Powders can stick inside containers making them difficult to get out. Textiles can also stick to machinery, and clothing clinging to the wearer is a common problem.

### 3. Unwanted Trajectory

Materials in flight are sometimes attracted towards a surface such that they do not go where they should. Liquid and powder streams may not cleanly enter bottles and other containers, hitting the neck and running down the outside instead. In printing and coating inks can sometimes be drawn to areas other than those intended, leading to a reduction in print and coating quality. Plastic sheets that should stack simply slide off one another.

## Typical Applications

Static electricity is used in an ever widening range of applications. This started nearly 100 years ago during development of electrostatic precipitators, now widely used to control particulates in flue gas from industrial furnaces and boilers, whilst the basic concepts of the ubiquitous photocopier and ink jet printer are entirely reliant on harnessing electrostatic effects. There are many other applications of static electricity, both fully developed & still in research and development.

Static electricity can be used to temporarily hold items together (pinning), separate different materials from one another, or even separate coarse particles from fine particles of the same material.

Electrostatic forces on liquids can be harnessed to produce sprays of exceptionally narrow and controllable drop size spectrum, which have been used for high quality thin coatings, spray drying of fine powders (powder sprayed direct from solution can have particles sizes down to single microns or smaller), and even micro-encapsulation. Rotating electric fields can be used to selectively rotate some types of particle suspended in liquids (such as single cell organisms), opening the way to discrimination not obtainable in other ways. Static electricity can be used to apply surface finishes, such as liquid paints and dry powders (powder coating). DEKRA Process Safety's consultants have actively worked in all of the areas referred to above, but two applications are picked out below to give a little more detail.

A client needed to produce a very diffuse but very uniform powder deposition under full electronic control. A development programme, run entirely at DEKRA Process Safety, proved the concept first at bench scale and then pilot scale. A full scale prototype unit for installation on the client's production line has now been designed, built and installed for trials purposes.

Another client needed to demonstrate that a packaging material he wanted to use could be successfully separated from waste for recycling. Conventional separation techniques had failed to achieve the desired separation and electrostatics seemed a promising approach. Initial feasibility trials confirmed this, leading to a full development project at DEKRA Process Safety. The project reached a successful conclusion when a pilot scale unit was successfully designed and demonstrated. Using two electrostatic separation methods in series, this was able to automatically extract the client's material from real mixed plastic waste (from a recycling centre) to a purity of better than 99%.

# JCI 140 Static Monitor

## Including the JCI 140F, JCI 140X and JCI 140XF

The JCI 140 is a compact instrument for easy detection and measurement of static electricity and for assessment of risks in practical situations.

### General Description

The **JCI 140 Static Monitor** is a compact, easy to use instrument for direct non-contact measurement of surface voltage. It is available in 3 options: F – Fast Response, X – Extended Range & XF - Fast Response Extended Range. From a distance of 100 mm the 3½ digit liquid crystal display indicates surface voltage to a resolution of 1 Volt (standard version) on the most sensitive range. This makes it particularly easy to find even low levels of static charge and to make measurements with confidence.

As a field mill instrument there is no need to switch-on in a static free environment, no need for measurements to be made within a limited time and no need to worry about the influence of air ionisation – which are all concerns with simple ‘induction probe’ type instruments. The novel mode of operation of the JCI 140, with no earthing of the rotor (the instrument must still be earthed), provides quiet, stable operation with long operational life.

The JCI 148 and JCI 146 are compatible modular voltmeter adapters for use with the JCI 140. Both instruments enable direct measurement of voltages on live conductors using a probe. The JCI 140, when used with the JCI 148, can measure voltages up to 20kV dc and the JCI 146 can measure voltages up to 60kV dc. The very high input resistance of these systems eliminates the loading effects suffered by many high voltage voltmeters and high voltage adapters for multimeters. The JCI 147 is a compatible modular Faraday Pail adaptor for use with the JCI 140. It allows direct measurement of charge (in nano Coulombs) on items placed in the Faraday Pail up to 20nC.

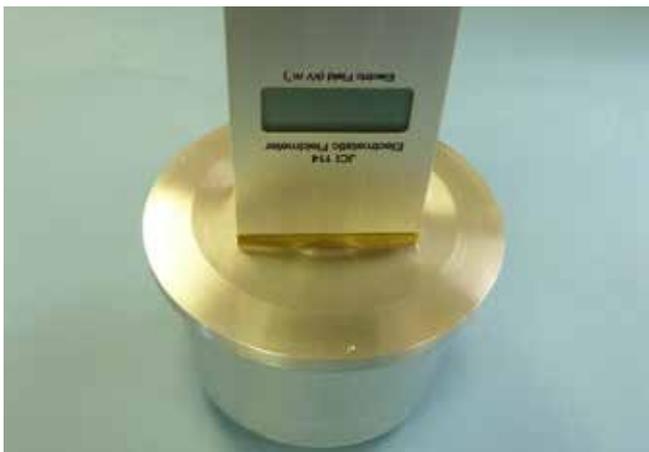
### Benefits:

- > Indicates surface voltage
- > Extended range version available for higher voltages
- > Fast version available for AC fields (-3dB at 400Hz)
- > Field mill technology avoids the zeroing required for Induction Probe Type Monitors
- > Full scale of 19.99kV (standard version) with 1V resolution on the most sensitive range.

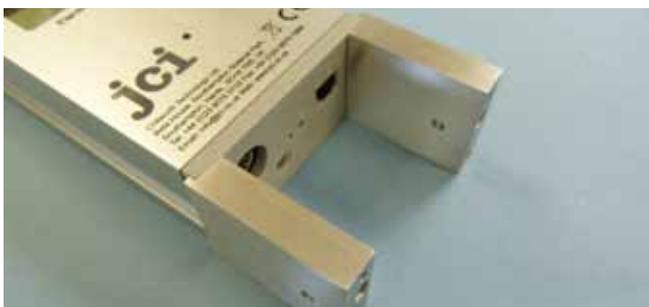


## Specification

Ranges:	2kV & 20kV full scale 1V and 10V resolution at 100m (JCI 140 / JCI140F only) *JCI 140/F versions only (20kV & up to 50kV for JCI 140X / XF, with precautions as per the manufacturer's instructions)
Response:	-3dB at ~120Hz ( $\pm 2.5\%$ Hz) for standard JCI 140/X -3dB at ~400Hz ( $\pm 2.5\%$ Hz) for JCI140F/XF
Zero Stability:	Within $\pm 10V$ on 2kV range (JCI 140 / JCI140F only)
Accuracy:	Within $\pm 2\%$ FSD
Linearity:	Within $\pm 1\%$ FSD
Display:	3½ digit LCD indicating surface voltage in kilovolts at 100mm with polarity and 'LO BATT' Audio indication
Audio alarm:	Pulsing audio output when reading above user set alarm level
Signal outputs:	Via 8 pin miniature DIN socket
Power Supply:	PP3 Battery or JCI142 external mains adapter
Dimensions:	34x66x150mm overall. Weight: 320g.



JCI 140 on the JCI 125 Zero Check Chamber



JCI 140 with the JCI 169 Feet

## Optional Extra Accessories & Services

- > JCI 143 Analogue Output Cable
- > JCI 142 External Mains Adapter
- > JCI 169 Permanent Mounting Feet
- > Digital USB Oscilloscope & Data Logger
- > Basic and enhanced calibration available to BS7506: Part 2:1996
- > E-field cross calibration also available
- > JCI 125 Zero Check Chamber

## Compatible Modular Instruments

- > **JCI 148** Electrostatic Voltmeter Adapter
- > **JCI 147** Faraday Pail Adapter

# JCI 148 Electrostatic Voltmeter Adapter - Compatible with JCI 140 Static Monitor

The JCI 148 can be used for accurate measurement of DC voltages with negligible current drain.

## General Description

The **JCI 148 Electrostatic Voltmeter** comprises a shielding enclosure in which an electrode, connected to the input, is supported by high quality insulation in a well-defined and stable geometric arrangement relative to the sensing aperture of a JCI 140 Static Monitor. The geometry is such that the numbers shown on the display correspond directly to the applied voltage input in kV.

The attraction of an electrostatic voltmeter based on the JCI 140 Static Monitor is the near zero current drain (limited only by insulation leakage not less than  $10^{14}$  Ohms at up to 20kV), the high sensitivity (1V resolution in 2kV range), the low internal capacitance (about 7pF), high input time constant and the linearity of response. The JCI 148 is not suitable for use with the JCI 140X/ XF versions of the JCI 140

## Specification

Ranges:	2kV & 20kV full scale. 1V and 10V resolution
Accuracy & linearity:	Within $\pm 2\%$ FSD on JCI 140 display and analogue output signal
High voltage connection:	Special JCI HV protective connector
Maximum input voltage:	$\pm 20$ kV

### Benefits:

- > Indicates surface voltage (on JCI 140 LCD)
- > Resolution to 1V & full scale 20kV (standard version, used as per manufacturer's instructions)
- > Allows monitoring of a specific location
- > Very high input impedance not less than  $10^{14}$  ohms.

### Accessories & Services

- > Basic and enhanced calibration available to BS7506: Part 2:1996

### Required Instrument

- > JCI 140 Static Monitor



# JCI 114 Electrostatic Fieldmeter

The JCI 114 is a compact instrument for easy, sensitive and reliable measurement and monitoring of electrostatic fields.

## General Description

The **JCI 114** is a compact sensitive instrument for the measurement of electric fields. Sharing the same field mill technology as the JCI 140, there is no need to switch-on in a static free environment, no need for measurements to be made within a limited time and no need to worry about the influence of air ionisation.

The electrostatic field sensitivity at the sensing aperture can be switched between 20kV/m and 200kV/m full scale. Measurements are shown on a 3½ digit LCD with decimal point and low battery indication. An audible alarm gives warning of any electric fields above a user set threshold level.

### Specification

Sensitivity:	20kV/m & 200kV/m full scale
Response:	-3dB at ~115Hz ±5% for JCI 114
Noise:	Within 0.06kV/m on 20kV/m range (within 6mV pk-pk on analogue output)
Zero Stability:	Within ±0.05kV/m on 20kV/m range
Accuracy:	Within ±2% FSD
Display:	3½ digit liquid crystal display of electric field in kV/m at sensing aperture with polarity and 'LO BATT' indication
Power supply:	PP3 replaceable battery / JCI 142 External Mains Adapter
Dimensions:	34x66x150mm overall. Weight: 320g.

### Benefits:

- > LCD displays the electrostatic field at the sensing aperture
- > Resolution to 10V/m (20kV/m range)
- > Ranges to 200kV/m
- > Analogue output for data capture
- > Suitable for measuring 50-60Hz AC fields & DC fields.

### Optional Extra

- > JCI 143 Analogue Output Cable
- > JCI 142 External Mains Adapter
- > JCI 169 Permanent Mounting Feet
- > Digital USB Oscilloscope & Data Logger
- > Basic & enhanced calibrations available in general accordance with BS7506: Part 2:1996
- > JCI 125 Zero Check Chamber



# JCI 155v6 Charge Decay Time Analyser

The JCI 155v6 is a benchtop instrument for the measurement of a material's ability to dissipate static electricity, and in conjunction with the JCI 176, to assess whether significant voltages will arise from practical amounts of charge transferred to the surface.

## General Description

The **JCI 155v6** is a laboratory instrument for easy, direct measurement of a material's ability to dissipate static electricity and, when used with the JCI 176, to assess whether significant voltages will arise from practical amounts of charge transferred to the surface. The version 6 is the latest in our highly successful and unique range of Charge Decay Time Analysers. A high voltage corona discharge deposits a patch of charge on the surface of the subject material and a fast response electrostatic fieldmeter measures the voltage generated by this charge. It also measures how quickly this voltage falls as the charge migrates away. Corona charging is a simple way to simulate practical charging events,

allowing control of initial surface voltage and charge polarity. It is applicable to all types of surfaces - whether uniform or with localised conducting features and provides consistent, reproducible results that are not affected by corona exposure.

An intuitive, user friendly display now includes a large LCD screen for both textual and graphical presentation of results using just 5 menu driven active operator keys.

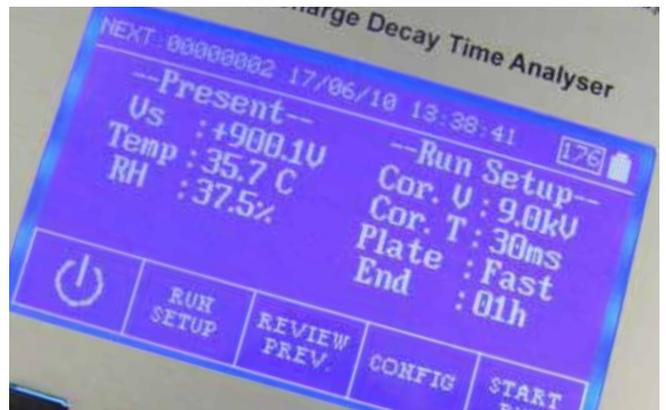
Full versatility in setting configuration and test parameters is provided by the instrument firmware and display and the analyser may be used independently or connected via USB link to a PC running our proprietary associated JCI Graph software.

### Benefits:

- > User friendly interface with simple setup of run parameters & settings
- > On instrument graphical LCD display with dimmable back light
- > Calculation and display of capacitance loading (in conjunction with JCI 176)
- > Portable, can be used with or without a PC
- > Download test data to JCI Graph software for further analysis.

### Optional Extra Accessories & Services

- > JCI Graph Software
- > JCI 170 & JCI 172 Sample Support
- > JCI 166 Sample Support
- > JCI 176 Sample Support
- > JCI 255 Calibration Unit
- > JCI 173 Powder/Liquid Support Insert
- > Calibration



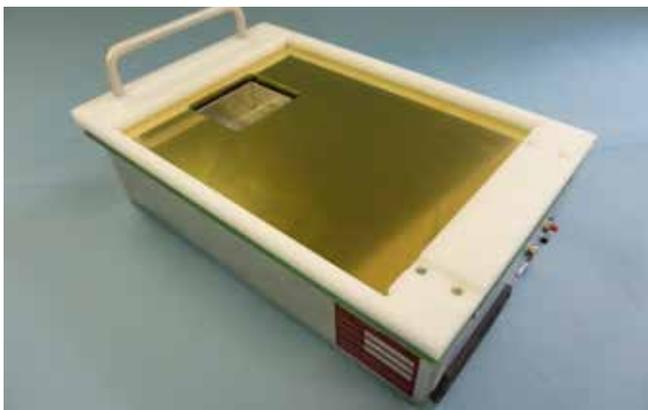
JCI 155v6 on JCI 176 Sample Support

## Specification

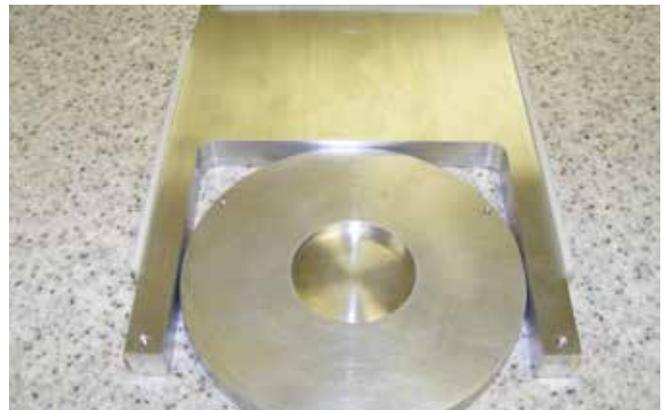
Display:	Large Interactive LCD Display (112x60mm)
Test area:	45x54mm aperture in instrument baseplate
Sample:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>&gt; The unit may be placed directly on a surface or area of sample material</li> <li>&gt; Where the optional sample support unit is purchased this provides a simple support for open and earthed backing tests of films &amp; textiles</li> <li>&gt; JCI 176 Charge Measuring Sample Support provides open and earthed backing support for film &amp; layer samples up to 5mm thick with measurement of the corona charge received by the sample (earthed and unearthed backing tests are also possible in the JCI 176 when testing films)</li> <li>&gt; Powders and liquids may be studied using a JCI 173 in the JCI 176.</li> </ul>

Using a JCI 155v6 with a JCI 176 Charge Measuring Sample support allows measurement of the corona charge received by the sample and calculation of the 'Capacitance Loading' experienced by charge on the surface. A high Capacitance Loading can mean relatively low surface voltages for a given amount of charge, which will often be indicative of a less problematic material.

Powder samples are presented using the JCI 170 Powder Sample Support with the JCI 155v6 supported by a JCI 172 Support Plate. The JCI 170 can be easily put in place and removed so that the base plate of the JCI 155v6 stands off a few millimetres to reduce risk of powder dispersal to the air by action of the air dam.



JCI 176 Sample Support



JCI 170 & JCI 172 Sample Support

## JCI 176 Capacitance Loading Sample Support - Compatible with the JCI 155v6 Charge Decay Time Analyser

Sample support providing direct measurement of the quantity of charge transferred with corona charge deposition, allowing the JCI 155v6 to calculate and display capacitance loading.

### General Description

The **JCI 176 Capacitance Measuring Sample Support** provides opportunity to measure how much corona charge is received by the sample during corona charge decay testing with JCI 155v6 Charge Decay Test Unit.

Such measurements enable calculation of the 'capacitance loading' experienced by charge on materials. This is relevant to assessment

of the suitability of materials in terms of the surface voltages likely to arise and for how long.

Further to this the JCI 173 powder support is also available as a cost-effective adapter for the JCI 176 facilitating studies of powders or liquids using the JCI 155v6 instrument.

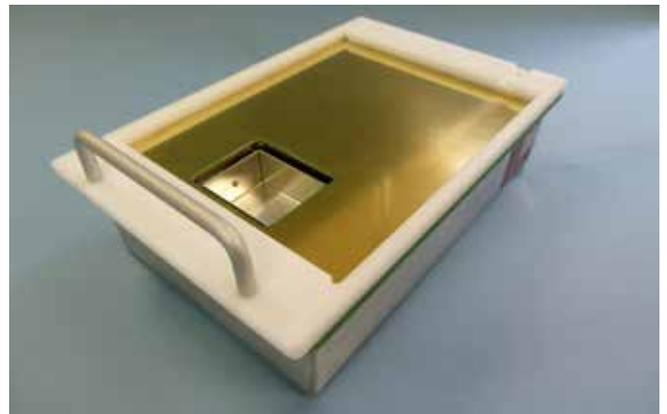
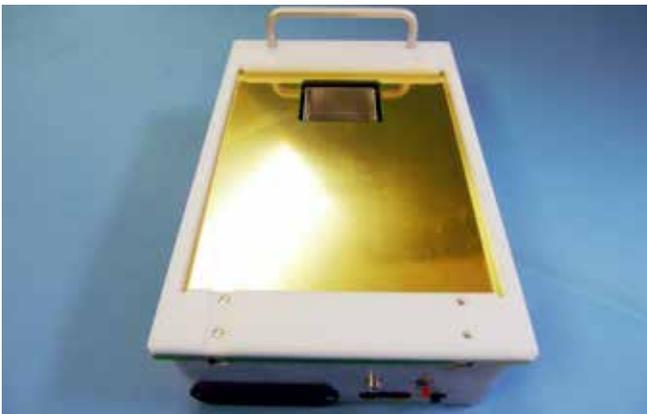
Power Supply: By direct cable connection to JCI 155v6

### Benefits:

- > Enables effective Capacitance Loading measurements to be made
- > An optimal support and presentation of fabric and film samples
- > Enables open and closed back measurements
- > Can be used for powder & liquid studies using the JCI 173 Insert.

### Optional Accessory

- > JCI 173 Powder/Liquid Support Insert



# JCI 255 Charge Decay Calibrator - Compatible with the JCI 155 Charge Decay Time Analyser

For checking performance and for formal calibration of JCI 155v6 and JCI 155v5.

## General Description

DEKRA Process Safety recommends that the **JCI 155v6 Charge Decay Analyser** (and earlier JCI155 models) be formally calibrated typically every 12 months to confirm their sensitivity for surface voltage measurement and decay time measurement performance. However for many in-house quality procedures, calibration is required much more frequently.

The JCI 255 Calibrator Unit conveniently enables the required level of calibration following the general principles set out in BS7506: Part 2: 1996. Minimal down-time is required and your JCI 155v6 need not leave your site.

The JCI 255 Calibrator Unit is calibrated before dispatch and supplied with formal in-situ calibration of the resistors and capacitors inside the unit. The calibration unit itself should be formally recalibrated at 12 month intervals so the values of resistors and capacitors provide measurements of decay times that are traceable to National Standards.

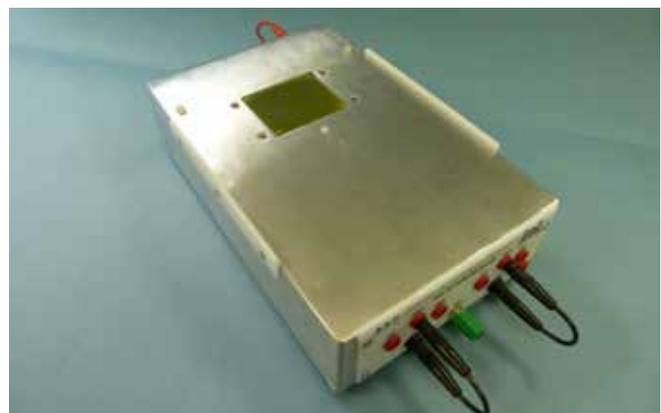
- > Capacitance Nominal Values (nF): 1, 10, 100, 1000
- > Resistor Nominal Values (M $\Omega$ ): 10, 100, 1000
- > Decay Time Nominal Values (s): 0.01, 0.1, 1, 10, 100, 1000

### Benefits:

- > Enables regular calibration and health checking of JCI 155 instruments
- > Reduces external calibration costs
- > Easy to use and maintain - simply keep it clean
- > The JCI 255 only requires annual calibration.

### Accessories & Services

- > JCI 170 & JCI 172 Sample Support
- > JCI 173 Powder/Liquid Support Insert



# JCI 178 Charge Measuring Unit - Including the JCI 178X Extended Range Charge Measuring Unit

For general measurement of small quantities of charge and, with the JCI 179, measurement of charge transfer in static discharges.

## General Description

The **JCI 178** is a compact instrument for the sensitive measurement of charge in the range 10pC to 200nC. A special low sensitivity version, the JCI 178X, can be custom manufactured giving the operator the capability to measure up to 20µC.

For measurement of charge transfer in electrostatic discharges the unit can be fitted with a JCI 179 Spark Discharge Probe. This ensures that observations can be interpreted with confidence and valid judgments made on the risk of ignition presented in relation to quantities of charge transferred.



## Specification

Sensitivity	> 20nC & 200nC FSD for JCI 178
range:	> 2µC & 20µC FSD for JCI 178X
Power supply:	> PP3 replaceable battery
	> JCI 142 External Mains Adapter
Accuracy and linearity:	Within ±5%FSD.

## Benefits:

- > Hand held with full scale to 200nC (standard version)
- > Highly portable with mounting feet option for permanent installation
- > Single coaxial connection to JCI 150 faraday pail
- > Battery or mains powered via JCI 142 External Mains Adapter
- > Resolution 10pC (standard version)
- > Extended range version available with a full scale of 20µC.

## Optional Extra Accessories & Services

- > JCI 142 External Mains Adapter
- > JCI 143 Analogue Output Cable
- > JCI 169 Permanent Mounting Feet
- > Basic & enhanced calibrations available
- > Digital USB Oscilloscope & Datalogger
- > JCI 150 Faraday Pail
- > JCI 179 Spark Discharge Probe



16 JCI 179 Spark Discharge Probe

## JCI 147 Faraday Pail - Compatible with JCI 140 Static Monitor

The JCI 147 Faraday Pail is an accessory for use with the JCI 140 Static Monitor.

### General Description

The **JCI 147 Faraday Pail** is an accessory for use with the JCI 140 Static Monitor.

Together they make a sensitive instrument for precise and reliable measurement of electrostatic charge placed in the pail, with a resolution down to 1pC. The maximum measurement at this resolution is 2nC, however a 20nC range is available in the same instrument at the flick of a switch.

The unit comprises a Faraday Pail mounted on high quality insulation in a well-defined location relative to the sensing aperture of the JCI 140 Static Monitor. Objects or materials placed in the pail raise the voltage of the pail according to its capacitance. This increase in voltage is measured by the JCI 140 and quantified as nC on the display.



JCI 147 shown with the JCI 140 Monitor (sold separately)

### Specification

Sensitivity:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>&gt; 2 and 20nC full scale with 1pC resolution (2nC range)</li> <li>&gt; Sensitivity selected by rear panel switch or external control signal</li> </ul>
Accuracy & linearity:	Within $\pm 5\%$ FSD on display and analogue output
Dimensions:	Overall 180 x 180mm baseplate, 335mm high Pail 50mm diameter, 75mm high, 50mm aperture in shield.

### Benefits:

- > Measures charge on materials inserted into pail
- > 1pC resolution (2 nC range)
- > JCI 140 instrument is removable for independent surface voltage measurements
- > Assess electrostatic charge properties of pharmaceuticals and other powders
- > Net charge measurement.

### Services

- > Basic & enhanced calibrations available

# JCI 150 Faraday Pail - Compatible with JCI 178 Charge Measuring Unit

A compact unit for measurement of electrostatic charge on components and small quantities of materials when connected to the JCI 178.

## General Description

The **JCI 150 Faraday Pail** is a low profile Faraday pail for reliable measurement of net electrostatic charge on powders, liquids and small items. Charge received into the pail is measured using a JCI 178 Charge Measuring Unit with 20 and 200nC ranges of sensitivity. Charge is measured with a resolution down to 10pC. (Alternative sensitivity ranges for the JCI 178 are available).

Readings are zeroed by a 'Zero' button on the JCI 178 or via a remote push button. The JCI 150 unit comprises a Faraday Pail supported on high quality insulation. Connection from the pail to a

virtual earth charge measurement unit is made via cable connection to the BNC connector.

The charge appearing on the outside of the pail is equal to the net quantity of charge placed into the pail. It is not necessary that the charge introduced actually conducts to the pail, so measurements are equally applicable to insulating materials and conducting components placed into the pail. The shield over the pail ensures that measurements are little affected by nearby static charges on people or surfaces.

## Specification

Sensitivity with JCI 178:	20 & 200 nC full scale 10pC resolution (20nC range)
Zero stability:	Noise within $\pm 10\text{pC}$ . Zero stable to $\pm 100\text{pC}$
Accuracy and linearity:	Within $\pm 5\%$ FSD on JCI 178 display and analogue output
Dimensions:	130mm dia base plate 95mm high 60mm dia pail, 38mm high. 60mm aperture in shield.

## Benefits:

- > Range of net charge measurement 0-200nC
- > Compact and easy to use
- > Single coaxial connection to JCI 178 charge measurement device
- > Suitable for powders, liquids & solids.
- > Required Instrument JCI 178



# JCI 131 Adverse Conditions Fieldmeter - Including the JCI 131F fast response version

The JCI 131 is a 'field mill' type Electrostatic Fieldmeter for precise, high resolution, continuous measurement of electric fields in adverse environmental conditions.

## General Description

The **JCI 131 Electrostatic Fieldmeter** is a robust instrument for the precise measurement of electric fields in adverse environmental conditions. It is particularly suitable for long term continuous monitoring of atmospheric electric fields - such as those associated with thunderstorms, volcanic activity or power-lines.

Electric field measurement sensitivities of 2, 20, 200 and 2000 kV/m are provided with high precision (<1.5%), low noise and a stable zero. When used as a potential probe, well away from nearby

structures, the sensitivity is about 10 kV/m for 1kV of local space potential, although critical applications should be underwritten by in-situ calibration.

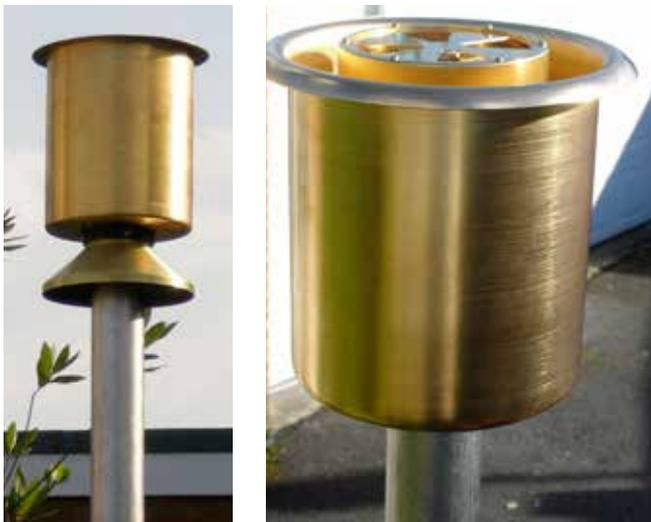
The JCI 131 and JCI 131F (fast response version) of electrostatic fieldmeter may be used in conjunction with a JCI 234 Base Station which digitally displays the magnitude of the DC electric field at the sensing aperture and also displays the AC field component in the range 50-60Hz separately from the DC field component when used with the "F" version for accurate measurement of electric fields near power lines.

## Specification

Sensitivity ranges:	2, 20, 200 and 2,000kV/m full scale Sensitivity selected automatically or by external control signals.
Accuracy & Linearity:	Within $\pm 1.5\%$ FSD of each operating range
Response:	-3dB at about 3Hz for JCI 131, Response flat to 70Hz for JCI 131F
Environments:	0-40°C, 0-100%RH including direct precipitation

## Benefits:

- > Enables long term external measurement of electrostatic fields
- > Durable stainless steel case
- > High accuracy and designed to withstand direct precipitation
- > Can be used to determine ambient electric field
- > Can be used as a local potential probe
- > Fast response version can be used for field measurements near power lines.



## Accessories & Services

- > 100m Cable
- > JCI 137 Support Pole Assembly
- > JCI 152 Zero Check Chamber
- > Manufacturers standard calibration

## Compatible Instruments

- > JCI 234 base station

# JCI 167 Data Acquisition Module

Permits logging of data from up to 8 x JCI 140 Static Monitors simultaneously.

## General Description

The **JCI 167** has been developed to acquire, display and log data generated simultaneously by up to 8 JCI 140 Static Monitors using a desktop or laptop computer (not supplied as standard) running Windows 7 or Windows 8 operating systems. This equipment has been developed in order to support the Research and Development demands of manufacturing and new product development, processing companies and universities.

The data acquisition and display software incorporates data processing functions appropriate to the user's application (tailor made solutions can be provided to meet individual customer's requirements). Hence both raw and suitably processed data can be viewed continuously and saved to the hard drive. Saved data can be readily imported into a spreadsheet for subsequent processing and analysis.

Specification	
Input:	8 x Analogue (0-2 Volt = 0-20kV channels compatible with JCI 140 analogue signal cables (JCI 143)
Power supply:	12V power adapter supplied
Power ON/OFF:	Via Keyswitch
Communication:	Via USB 2.0
Ergonomics:	Neat compact unit, can be sited on an office desk or workbench
Fuse protection:	200mA channel fuse protection (internal 100mA resettable fusing)
Accuracy:	Within 2% of full scale reading
Size:	Channel identification leds indicating when each channel is ON
Cable(s):	Analogue, with line functions to/ from JCI 167 data module for: signal output, range flag, Ground reference (hence no need to connect each JCI 140 unit to a separate earth) and power supply.



## Benefits:

- > Single monitoring hub for up to 8 x JCI 140 Static Monitors
- > Multiple logging of JCI 140s for electrostatics R&D applications
- > Continuous powering for up to 8 x JCI 140s
- > Fully compatible with the JCI 147 & JCI 148
- > USB connectivity
- > Proprietary graphical user interface and data logging package with range indication and signal averaging capability
- > Custom cable lengths available
- > Bespoke tailoring of software to meet specific application requirements available.

## System Components Comprise the Following:

- > 8 x channel data acquisition module
- > Power supply for the data acquisition module
- > Up to 8 x JCI 140 static monitors can be supported
- > Up to 8 x JCI 140 power and signal cables
- > Computer JCI 167 software
- > PC or laptop (optional)
- > Optional mounting brackets for JCI 140 units specific to bespoke applications

## Compatible Instrument

- > JCI 140 Static Monitor

# JCI 234 Base Station - Compatible with JCI 131 and JCI 131F Fieldmeters

To run and display electric field measurements from both the JCI 131 & JCI 131F electrostatic fieldmeters. The JCI 234 resolves mains frequency electric field and superimposed quasi-continuous (DC) electric field signals from the JCI 131F (DC only measurements from the JCI 131).

## General Description

The JCI 131 and JCI 131F fieldmeters may be operated in conjunction with a **JCI 234 Base Unit** which provides power and displays DC electric field measurements (both ambient atmospheric and local field). These base stations also provide an indication of operational health status (where fitted).

The JCI 234, in conjunction with the JCI 131F fast response fieldmeter, provides the ability to resolve and measure both quasi-continuous electric fields and superimposed 50/60 Hz alternating electric fields which are viewed on an additional display. The JCI 131 and JCI 234 can be operated from the separate mains input power supply or from a 12 V battery for uninterruptible power supply.

## Specification

Power supply:	Separate mains PSU (supplied), and/or - 12V battery with at least 4A capability (for starting) into two 4mm sockets (battery, cable and 4mm plug connectors not supplied).
JCI 131 connection:	19w connector in end range to take cable to JCI 131
Signal outputs:	25w D type connector for direct connection to some input and output signals on 19w cable. This cable can also support the alarm status signals.
Connections are:	15w D type connector for connection to data recording and processing systems. Signals are span adjusted and level shifted to suit certain data logging systems.

## Benefits:

- > Provides LCD display for DC electrostatic field from the JCI 131
- > Directly indicates ambient electric field following set-up
- > LCD indication of 50-60Hz AC field for the JCI 131F
- > Regulated power provided both JCI 131 and JCI 131F sensors
- > Remote zeroing facility for the JCI 131 and JCI 131F sensors
- > Geometric scaling facility for ambient electric field
- > Signal and range bit outputs for data logging.

## Required Instruments

- > JCI 131 Fieldmeter  
or
- > JCI 131F Fieldmeter



# JCI Calibration Services

For JCI 114, 131, 140, 147, 148, 155, 178 & 255 Instrumentation

## General Description

At DEKRA JCI Electrostatic Instrumentation we **calibrate our instrumentation** with methods based on BS7506: Part 2: 1996 or using proprietary methods, providing a high level of accuracy with uncertainties stated.

DEKRA JCI Electrostatic Instrumentation recommends that all JCI measuring instrumentation be calibrated typically every 12 months. In fact it is a requirement of many in-house quality procedures that formal measurements be taken using instruments with a valid calibration certificate.

## Benefits:

- > Calibration is conducted in our Southampton manufacturing base with a strong focus on responsiveness to our customers needs
- > High level of accuracy
- > In-house calibration equipment with accuracy traceable to national standards.



## DEKRA Process Safety

The breadth and depth of expertise in process safety makes us globally recognised specialists and trusted advisors. We help our clients to understand and evaluate their risks, and work together to develop pragmatic solutions. Our value-adding and practical approach integrates specialist process safety management, engineering and testing. We seek to educate and grow client competence to provide sustainable performance improvement. Partnering with our clients we combine technical expertise with a passion for life preservation, harm reduction and asset protection. As a part of the world's leading expert organisation DEKRA, we are the global partner for a safe world.

### Process Safety Management (PSM) Programmes

- > Design and creation of relevant PSM Programmes
- > Support the implementation, monitoring, and sustainability of PSM Programmes
- > Audit existing PSM Programmes, comparing with best practices around the world
- > Correct and improve deficient Programmes

### Process Safety Information/Data (Laboratory Testing)

- > Flammability/combustibility properties of dusts, gases, vapours, mists, and hybrid atmospheres
- > Chemical reaction hazards and chemical process optimisation (reaction and adiabatic calorimetry RC1, ARC, VSP, Dewar)
- > Thermal instability (DSC, DTA, and powder specific tests)
- > Energetic materials, explosives, propellants, pyrotechnics to DOT, UN, etc. protocols
- > Regulatory testing: REACH, UN, CLP, ADR, OSHA, DOT
- > Electrostatic testing for powders, liquids, process equipment, liners, shoes, FIBCs

### Specialist Consulting (Technical/Engineering)

- > Reactive chemical, self-heating, vent sizing, and thermal instability hazards
- > ATEX / DSEAR & hazardous area classification
- > Mechanical equipment ignition risk assessment
- > Transport & classification of dangerous goods
- > COMAH & SEVESO compliance
- > PHA support & facilitation
- > LOPA & SIL
- > Occupied buildings risk assessment
- > Fire engineering
- > Cybersecurity

We have offices throughout North America, Europe, and Asia.

For more information, visit [www.dekra-process-safety.co.uk](http://www.dekra-process-safety.co.uk)

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